

APROBAT

În ședința Biroului permanent al
Camerei Deputaților

NR. REF. 17. 114



Parlamentul României
Camera Deputaților

**Parlamentul României
Camera Deputaților**

Cabinet Secretar General

E.P. Nr. 810 din 29.08.2012

București, 29 august 2012
Nr.

De acord,

Cu informarea ulterioară
a Biroului permanent

MEMORANDUM INTERN

De la: dl Gheorghe Barbu, Secretar general al Camerei Deputaților
Către: Biroul permanent al Camerei Deputaților
Tema: Participarea la ce-a de-a zecea Universitate de Vară pentru Apărare (Brest, Franța, 10 – 11 septembrie 2012)

În perioada 10 – 11 septembrie 2012, la Brest, va avea loc ce-a de-a zecea Universitate de Vară pentru Apărare organizată cu susținerea Parlamentului Franței.

Președinții comisiilor permanente pe probleme de apărare din cadrul Adunării Naționale și Senatului Franței, au trimis o invitație nominală de participare pentru domnul deputat **Costică Canacheu** (PD-L), în calitatea domniei sale de președinte al Comisiei pentru apărare, ordine publică și siguranță națională a Camerei Deputaților.

La acest eveniment anual, desfășurat sub tema centrală „Apărarea: noi probleme economice și geostrategice”, se estimează o participare de circa 400 de decidenți pe probleme de apărare, din Franța și Europa, din domeniile politic, industrial și militar.

Programul include lucrări în ateliere pe sub-teme de specialitate în zilele de 10 și 11 septembrie a.c., precum și vizitarea unor obiective locale specifice în cursul celei de-a doua părți a zilei de 11 septembrie a.c.

Organizatorii suportă costurile de cazare, masă și transport local pe perioada programului din Brest, iar în ziua de 11 septembrie a.c. asigură transferul participanților de la Brest la Paris.

Participanților le revin costurile de transport internațional și cazarea pentru o noapte în Paris.

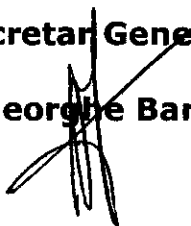
Acțiunea are caracter parlamentar conform art. 3, litera e) din HBP nr. 1/2003 cu modificările și completările din HBP nr. 5/2007.

Propunem:

- să se aprobe participarea domnului deputat Costică Canacheu la acțiunea mai sus menționată;
- deplasarea să se efectueze cu avionul pe ruta București – Brest cu plecare în data de 9 septembrie 2012, ora 07.20 (zbor AF 1089) și pe ruta Paris – București cu întoarcere în data de 12 septembrie 2012, ora 22.45 (zbor AF 1088), conform traseului anexat;
- să se acorde drepturi de diurnă categoria a II-a, astfel:
 - 100 %, pentru 1 ½ zile;
 - 50 % pentru 2 ½ zile.
- să se acorde cazare plafon B pentru 1 noapte în Paris, precum și un avans de 50% cu decontare ulterioară;
- recalcularea cheltuielilor să se facă la întoarcerea în țară, pe baza documentelor justificative.

Secretar General,

Gheorghe Barbu





Parlamentul României Camera Deputaților

Grupul parlamentar al PD-L

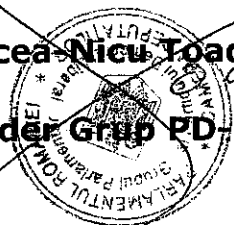
**Către: Direcția pentru cooperare parlamentară internațională
multilaterală**

Prin prezenta confirm acordul pentru participarea domnului deputat Costică Canacheu, președinte al Comisiei pentru apărare, ordine publică și siguranță națională a Camerei Deputaților, la ce-a de-a zecea Universitate de Vară pentru Apărare organizată cu susținerea Parlamentului Franței la Brest, Franța, în perioada 10-11 septembrie 2012 (perioada de deplasare 9-12 septembrie 2012).

**Grupul PD-L își rezervă dreptul de a-și retrage acordul până la
data de 5 septembrie 2012.**

Mircea Nicu Toader

Lider Grup PD-L



Commission de la Défense nationale
et des Forces armées
de l'Assemblée nationale

Commission des Affaires étrangères,
de la Défense et des Forces armées
du Sénat

Costica CANACHEU
Chamber of Deputies
Chairman of the National Security Committee

Paris, the 22nd of 2012

Mr. Chairman,

We are pleased to announce you that the National Defence and Armed Forces Committee of the French national Assembly, and the Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces Senate Committee chose to host the **10th Summer Defence Conference** in the city of **Brest** the **10th and 11th September of 2012**.

This annual event brings together 400 French and European Defence decision-makers from the political, industrial and military areas. For this special edition, pride of place will be given to the **French National Navy** which will welcome us in Brest harbor.

We recommend you to highlight these dates in your agenda knowing that you will soon receive a detailed program of the event as well as a registration form to return.

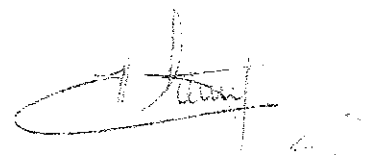
As each year, we will welcome you from **Sunday 9th of September**, in Brest, for a dinner in presence of all our international guests.

We look forward to seeing you very soon.

Yours sincerely,

Guy TEISSIER

Président de la Commission
de la Défense nationale et des Forces armées
de l'Assemblée nationale



Jean-Louis CARRERE

Président de la Commission
des Affaires étrangères, de la Défense
et des Forces armées du Sénat



Parlamentul României Camera Deputaților

Comisia pentru apărare, ordine publică și siguranță
națională

București, 28.08.2012
Nr. 32/230

Doamnei

Nadia Valentina Ionescu
Director, Direcția pentru cooperare parlamentară internațională
multilaterală

Doamnă Director,

În perioada 9-11 septembrie a.c., la Brest, Franța, va avea loc 10 Sesiune a Universității de Apărare, susținută de către Parlamentul Francez.

Vă adresez rugămintea de a face demersurile necesare participării mele la acest eveniment.

Precizez faptul că plecarea va avea loc pe data de 9 septembrie, pe relația București – Brest, iar întoarcerea va fi pe 12 septembrie, pe ruta Paris – București.

Cu stimă,

Președinte

Costică CANACHEU

11th Summer Defence Conference

Brest

10/11 September
2012

Defence:

new economic
and
geostrategic issues

Chaired by the
Chairman
of the National Defence
and Armed Forces Committee
of the National Assembly

and by
Jean-Louis CARRERE
Chairman
of the Senate Committee
for Foreign Affairs, Defence
and Armed Forces

in the presence of the
French Minister of Defence

and of
Guy TEISSIER
Initiator
of the Summer Defence
Conference

9

Arrival of international guests in Brest

Reception at Le Continental Hôtel****

19:30 Visit of the National Maritime Museum and Cocktail on the terrace of the Castle of Brest, followed by a welcoming dinner at the residence of the Post Admiral

22:30 Transfer back to hotels

10

9:00 Transfer by bus to the Naval School of Brest

9:30 Workshops

- 1 The issue of maritimisation**
- 2 The main strategic fonctions: which priorities?**
- 3 Sovereign and industrial capacity**
- 4 Cyberdefence**
- 5 A new geopolitical balance in the world**

11:30 Meeting Forum

Presentation of the reports on:

- 1 The A 400M**
- 2 The State Action at sea**
- 3 The future of nuclear forces**
- 4 Private military companies**

13:00 Lunch

Speech of Amiral Bernard ROGEL, Chief of Naval Staff

14:30 Static and dynamic demonstration of the Navy's capabilities and missions in Brest Harbour

17:30 Return to hotels by the "Transrade"

19:30 Transfer to Oceanopolis

20:00 Cocktail-buffet, and free visit of the pavilions of Oceanopolis

Welcoming speech of François CUILLANDRE, Mayor of Brest,
President of Brest Métropole Océane

Addresses of Jean-Louis CARRERE, Senator from Landes, Chairman of the Senate
Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

and of the Chairman of the National Defence and Armed Forces Committee
of the National Assembly

22:00 "After"

from **22:00** to **00:30** Shuttles back to hotels

7:45 Departure from hotels to the Quartz by shuttles

8:15 Breakfast-debate 

European Defence

10:00 Plenary session

The White Book and the military programming law: missions and capabilities

Debate in the presence of:

the Chairman of the National Defence and Armed Forces Committee
of the National Assembly

Jean-Louis CARRERE, Senator from Landes, Chairman of the Senate
Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

Closing speech

by Patrick BOISSIER, President of DCNS

12:15 Official speeches of:

Jean-Louis CARRERE, Senator from Landes, Chairman of the Senate
Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

The Chairman of the National Defence and Armed Forces Committee
of the National Assembly

the Minister of Defence

13:00 Official lunch

15:00 Departure for Brest - Guipavas Airport

16:00 Take-off to Paris - Orly Airport

Or, Post-Conference

- Visit of Ile Longue (for French and European MPs only)
- Visit of DCNS installations in Brest - Fairing and modernization
- Visit of THALES Activities (Amiral Nomy installations in Brest)

18:00 Departure for Brest - Guipavas Airport

19:00 Take-off to Paris - Charles de Gaulle Airport



Workshop* 1 - The issue of maritimisation

Co-chaired by Jeanny LORGEUX, Senator from Loiret-Cher
and André TRILLARD, Senator from Loire-Atlantique and Secretary of the Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

Controlling maritime space is synonymous with power and influence on the international scene. The sea holds decisive strategic importance at political, economic, legal, environmental and military levels. Now more than ever before, it is a political object thanks to which a State can assert its power and influence in international circles. The increasing scarcity of land resources and globalisation of economic exchanges have led to maritimisation of geopolitical challenges. With exclusive economic zones extending to a distance of 200 nautical miles from the coast, new claims related to sovereignty and appropriation of marine resources are therefore appearing.

How are States organising themselves to meet these challenges? How are they anticipating the consequences of developments in the maritime context?

In this context, the action of the State at sea involves many dimensions (surveillance and protection of national interests, safeguarding of persons and property, maritime safety and security, protection of the marine environment, management of resources, economic and tax police,...) with many stakeholders. With 11 million km² bordering all the major world powers, France benefits from the second-largest maritime territory in the world. Do we have the capacity to have sufficient resources to meet these challenges while preserving our sovereignty wherever it may be threatened, and to take advantage of the opportunities offered by our maritime presence all over the planet?

Workshop* 2 - The main strategic functions: which priorities?

Chaired by Didier BOULAUD, Senator from Nièvre, vice-president of the Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

The multiplicity and unpredictability of crises, the long time frames needed to achieve the political effect sought, the continued presence and resurfacing of adverse potentials with symmetrical capabilities, the growing impact of outside crises on national territory, are all factors to be taken into consideration when we reflect on the balance of the major strategic functions defined in the White Paper. While they do not challenge the strategic functions, these developments raise new questions.

In France, the defence and security of the nation rest on two complementary pillars: The permanence of nuclear deterrence and the adaptation of conventional forces to potential threats. This raises many questions. How can we integrate theatre ballistic missile defence and then territorial missile defence into this strategy, following the commitments made with NATO? How can we include "cyber-security" in our defence strategy? At what level of ambition should we place "knowledge and anticipation", protection of our territory and projection in terms of capabilities? Where does the right balance lie? What framework should we apply to force commitment in national territory in the continuum of crises?

What domains should be preserved at national level? For which capabilities should we open and reinforce European cooperation?

Workshop* 3 - Sovereign and industrial capacity

Co-chaired by Daniel REINER, Senator from Meurthe-et-Moselle, Vice-President of the Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces
and Yves POZZO di BORGO, Senator from Paris and Vice-President of the Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

The White Paper of 2008 observed that no European nation still had the resources, alone, to maintain all its industrial defence capabilities and that we needed to make choices differentiating what should stay entirely under national control, what could be done in the framework of European cooperation and what could be purchased off-the-shelf on the international market. Five years later, that vision still prevails. But the way in which our country has made these choices - on a case by case basis - raises many questions. For example, should we have brought MALE UAVs into the second, or even the first circle of industrial sovereignty? Contrary to the French case study, the United States has for a long time published a list of "critical military technologies" which makes it possible to enlighten industrialists, in total transparency, as to the technologies on which the State wishes to focus its resources. This list evolves thanks to the work of a top-level working group consisting of military personnel, scientists and political representatives. Great-Britain and Germany appear to have an intermediary vision, between the French approach and the American approach. In this context, how can we improve our way of determining the "sovereign" industrial capabilities of others? Could we also consider a better determination of "shared" capabilities at European Union level, through better use of the European Defence Agency? Finally, what are the risks and limits that should guide off-the-shelf purchases?

Workshop* 4 - Cyberdefence

Chaired by Jean-Marie BOCKEL, Senator from Haut-Rhin

Methods used for illegal purposes on the Internet can also, on a broader scale, be used against the security and essential interests of a country. Although genuine vulnerabilities exist and know-how has increased, it is possible to limit the effects of such attacks by reinforcing protective measures and planning crisis management during the period needed to restore systems. But first and foremost, there are many questions: How can we know that a computer-based attack is being prepared or is underway? How can we establish the identity of the assailants or the responsibility of a State? What doctrine should we apply?

Ensuring the security of the information systems of a State, of companies or infrastructures of vital importance is not only a technical challenge. It is also an economic challenge, because it involves protecting our technological expertise in the economic war we are fighting today, and it even becomes a military or political challenge where the interests of the nation are at stake.

Although cyber-defence remains a national responsibility, faced with a threat that knows no national boundaries, it is vital to reinforce international cooperation. In cyberspace, the solidity of the entire system is in fact based on that of the weakest link. Faced with this situation, what balance can we strike between necessary international cooperation and compliance with national sovereignty? What would be the most suitable place to discuss these issues at international level?

Finally, at what level can offensive cyber warfare be acceptable to be informed of attack modes and preserve a deterrent capability?

Workshop* 5 - A new geopolitical balance in the world

Chaired by Jean-Louis CARRERE, Senator from Landes, Chairman of the Senate Committee for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

China, India, Brazil... and again Russia have asserted themselves as ambitious world powers, at economic level today and at military level in the future. Defence and security budgets are increasing everywhere except in Europe, where they continue to drop. In all the countries with strong development, defence technologies and investments are considered to be the foundation of sovereign industrial capabilities and of economic growth. The United States, which defended Europe for a century, has now turned to the Pacific, convinced that this is where its interests and future lie. In Libya, the US turned away from the Europeans for the first time.

Globalization, the Arab spring, new powers, the economic and financial crisis... all these factors have dramatically changed the rules of the game. The rules that guided international relations since the end of the Second World War are now challenged. Demographic imbalance, wealth imbalance, increased scarcity of raw materials, increased scarcity of water and energy resources and environmental issues will exacerbate these tensions.

In the world of the future, what could the new geopolitical balance be? What stand will the major stakeholders take? What role will the UN and regional alliances play? What new world governance rules will we have to ensure security, peace and social progress? What will become of Europe in this new deal, with what ambition, what role, what destiny?

Presentation of reports

1 - Report on **the A 400M**

by Bernard AUBAN, Senator from Haute-Garonne
Jacques GAUTIER, Senator from Hauts-de-Seine and Vice-President of the Committee
for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces
and Daniel REINER, Senator from Meurthe-et-Moselle and Vice-President of the Committee
for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

2 - Report on **the State action at sea**

by Patricia ADAM
and Philippe VITEL

3 - Report on **the future of nuclear forces**

by Didier BOULAUD, Senator from Nièvre and Vice-President of the Committee
for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces
and Xavier PINTAT, Senator from Gironde and Vice-President of the Committee
for Foreign Affairs, Defence and Armed Forces

4 - Report on **private military companies**

by Christian MENARD
and Jean-Claude VIOLLET, Former Deputies, Members of the National Defence
and Armed Forces Committee

Breakfast-debate - European Defence

Led by Jean-Paul PERRUCHE, President of EuroDefense, Former Chief Executive Officer
of European Union Military Staff

Since the warnings in 2011, successively by former US Defence Secretary Robert Gates and his successor Leon Panetta, on the risks of disarmament of European countries and the announcement of the new American strategy clearly refocused on Asia and the Pacific, the issue of the Defence of Europe has again taken centre stage in the strategic debate.

But what are we talking about? Do we mean the defence of the European continent, the defence of Europe by the Atlantic Alliance, European defence in the framework of the CSDP, which we generally call the Europe of Defence, or the capabilities of each European nation? This issue is particularly relevant today, at a time when global developments - American disengagement in Europe, economic crisis, reduced defence budgets in Europe, contrary to what is happening elsewhere - clearly urge European States to take their responsibilities: They will no longer be able to expect everything from the United States as they have done until now.

For more than 60 years now, most European countries have sought to overcome their divisions and have committed themselves to an integration logic. The implementation of a Common Security and Defence Policy should lead to the construction of a common defence according to the terms already enshrined in the Maastricht Treaty (1993). Following on from the WEU after the turn of the century (Nice Treaty), the EU created an organisation and instruments to conduct this policy, but it restricted its ambitions and competencies from the very start owing to the existence of NATO. Its scope of action is therefore reduced to management of crises outside EU territory, it does not have a full operational structure and its maximum level of engagement considered does not exceed 60,000 men for a period of one year. Although it benefits from decision-making and action structures (HR, PSC, EUMC, EUMS ...) and from a full range of civilian and military instruments, the EU therefore has ambitions and capabilities that are more or less subsidiary to NATO which keeps exclusive competence for collective defence. In the space of 10 years, though, the results achieved are by no means negligible: Over 25 civilian, civilian-military and military operations have been successfully launched and conducted, the creation of the European Defence Agency has opened a pathway to rationalization of capability development at European level, the Defence Package of the Commission tends to defragment the European market for the defence industry, the Lisbon Treaty offers new prospects for the CSDP with the creation of the European External Action Service led by a high representative who is at the same time a Vice-President of the Commission, the solidarity clauses and the possibility of variable geometry in the development of the CSDP (permanent structured cooperation, reinforced cooperation ...) For all that, and contrary to expectations, the CSDP has since 2008 undergone a serious crisis linked to the doubts created by the economic, monetary and political crisis as to the future of European construction. Instruments for military crisis management remain incomplete (OHQ) and insufficient to instil the necessary confidence among political decision-makers.

Europeans must take responsibility for their security to remain the useful partner the United States would like to have. This is the condition for revival of the indispensable Trans-Atlantic relationship. To achieve that, they must fill the gaps and reinforce their capacity to meet the challenges of the times to come. They cannot do that only by pooling and sharing, hence the question of the political framework in which such pooling is to take place. Responsibility cannot go without autonomy and it is probably within the EU that it can be developed. Could a stronger and more capable EU not become the partner the United States would like to have in NATO? Would the NATO-EU complementarity not be reinforced if the EU became a security stakeholder capable of acting within NATO or outside it?

Plenary session - The White Book and the military programming law: missions and capabilities

Year after year, the Defence Summer University has provided the opportunity to take stock of the development of our defence tool, taking into consideration its European and NATO dimensions and the international geostrategic environment.

In September 2007, in Toulouse, university participants met for a plenary session on the theme "White Paper and defence planning" which was supported by workshops focusing on the major strategic functions. Five years later, the photograph of the international scene is very different: American withdrawal from Iraq, announced withdrawal from Afghanistan, crises in the Maghreb and Middle-East, nuclear proliferation, change in the centre of gravity of the American defence system to the East and the Pacific area... On top of all these events, the financial and economic crisis has had a severe impact on developed economies.

How can we take these changes into account and learn the necessary lessons from them while avoiding the pitfalls of mere hindsight analysis? Beyond the work already done to update the geostrategic context which is the framework for the White Paper, what emphasis should or can we place on the missions-capabilities-finances triangle which determines the size of our defence tool? After the NATO summit organized in Chicago in May 2012 and the presidential and parliamentary elections in France, we will again need to address these issues especially as there will soon be a new military programming law.

* Each workshop, will be co-chaired by deputies from the future Defence Committee.

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DCIS

Brest



RE: Participation of Mr Canacheu at the 10th Summer Defense Conference in Brest

Julia Larue [jlarue@ceis-strat.com]

Trimis: 29 august 2012 13:19

Către: Mario Ruse

Cc: Eric Schmidt [eschmidt@ceis-strat.com]

Dear Mario,

I took note that you will transfer me Mr. Canacheu's time arrival at Brest by the end of the day.

Concerning your question, my answers are the following :

- a) It is your responsibility to book and support the costs for accommodation in Paris on the Tuesday 11th of September.
- b) We are taking care of Mr. Canacheu's travel between Brest and Paris. He will travel until Charles de Gaulle Airport with the other participants.
- c) I confirm you that you need to book a flight between Bucharest and Brest on the Sunday 9th of September and between Paris and Bucharest on the Tuesday 11 or the day after. These transportations are not our responsibilities.

Concerning Mr. Canacheu's arrival at Brest : a special car will wait for him at the airport in order to drive him to his hotel. At 7pm a bus will drive him and other participants to the maritime museum for a cocktail and the welcoming dinner.

Please note that if Mr. Canacheu's flight arrives a bit late, it is possible to drive him directly to the dinner.

I hope everything is clear for you now. I am staying at your disposal for any further information.

Best regards,

Julia Larue
+33 1 45 55 58 15

-----Message d'origine-----

De : Mario Ruse [mailto:mruse@cdep.ro]

Envoyé : mercredi 29 août 2012 11:26

À : Julia Larue

Cc : Université d'Eté de la Défense - Organisation

Objet : Participation of Mr Canacheu at the 10th Summer Defense Conference in Brest

Dear Mrs / Ms Larue,

In completion of the Registration Form which we've been informed that you received, the most probably today we will be able to circulate you by today the information concerning the flight schedule of Mr Costica Canacheu (Chairman of the Committee for Defense, Public Order and National Security, Romanian Chamber of Deputies) at the Summer Defense Conference in Brest.

In the same time we are kindly asking your support to clarify the following few practicalities (concerning Mr Canacheu's participation) which we need if possible today for the internal participation forms / approvals:

a) we understood that the all accommodation costs and arrangements (booking), as well as meals expenses and local transportation (including airport transfer) will be solved by the organisers for the whole period spent in Brest (9-11 September 2012). Please confirm if is our duty to book and support the costs for accommodation in Paris (for the night 11/12 September). Just if this answer is negative, may we presume that the local transfer in Paris for and to the airport will be solved by the Frech organisers ?

b) we understood that the organisers will book the flight ticket for the segment Brest - Paris on 11 September evening. Are the organisers supporting also the related costs for this ticket ?

c) please confirm that the international transportation costs (Bucharest - Brest on 9 September and Paris - Bucharest on 12 September) are in our responsibility (we have initiated a booking procedure in this respect).

Additionally, if possible, kindly let us know the hour of the welcome dinner on 9 September.

Thank you in advance and best regards,

Mario Ruse, Adviser within the Directorate for Multilateral International Parliamentary Cooperation, Romanian Chamber of Deputies

PS: my contact data are:

- phone: + 4 021 414 2148

- mobile: + 4 0723 500 226



Parlamentul României Camera Deputaților

Direcția pentru cooperare parlamentară internațională multilaterală

NOTĂ verbală

La data de 28 august a.c., în jurul orelor 13.45, m-am deplasat la Secretariatul Comisiei pentru apărare, ordine publică și siguranță națională în vederea obținerii de clarificări privind participarea dlui deputat Costică Canacheu, președintele acestei comisii, la ce-a de-a zecea sesiune a Universității de Vară privind Apărarea (Brest, 10-11 septembrie 2012).

DI consultant parlamentar Nasi Calențaru mi-a confirmat că s-a ocupat de această problemă, iar din dialogul purtat cu domnia sa au rezultat următoarele:

- formularul de înregistrare primit de DCPIM a fost deja transmis organizatorilor;
- organizatorii asigură cazarea pe perioada șederii în Brest, precum și transferul pe segmentul Brest – Paris din seara zilei de 11 septembrie a.c., inclusiv acoperirea costurilor aferente;
- în ce privește partea de servicii, DCPIM trebuie să facă forme pentru:
 - cazarea dlui Canacheu la Paris din noaptea de 11/12 septembrie a.c. la hotelul „Le Méridien Etoile”, rue Saint-Cyr (conform solicitării telefonice a dlui deputat Canacheu).
 - pentru transportul internațional, astfel:
 - pe traseul București – Brest în ziua de 9 septembrie a.c.;
 - pe segmentul Paris – București în ziua de 12 septembrie a.c.
- potrivit dlui Calențaru toate aceste aspecte sunt clarificate din dialogul cu organizatorii;
- cei de la Comisia pentru apărare nu au primit date suplimentare privind ora la care va avea loc cina din ziua de 9 septembrie a.c.

**Consilier,
Mario Ruse**